1 PART III UNIT-SPECIFIC CONDITIONS FOR FINAL STATUS OPERATIONS

2		OPERATING UNIT 11	
3		Integrated Disposal Facility	
4	This document sets forth the operating conditions for the Integrated Disposal Facility (IDF).		
5	III.11.A	COMPLIANCE WITH APPROVED PERMIT APPLICATION	
6 7 8 9	The Permittees shall comply with all requirements set forth in the Integrated Disposal Facility (IDF) Permit conditions, the Appendices specified in condition III.11.A., and the Amendments specified in Condition III.11.B through III.11.I. All subsections, figures, and tables included in these portions are enforceable unless stated otherwise:		
10	<u>OPERATING</u>	<u>UNIT 11:</u>	
11	Part A, Danger	rous Waste Permit, Revision 3, dated 3/2005	
12	Chapter 2.0	Topographic Map Description	
13	Chapter 3.0	Waste Analysis Plan	
14	Chapter 4.0	Process Information	
15	Chapter 5.0	Ground Water Monitoring	
16	Chapter 6.0	Procedure to Prevent Hazards	
17	Chapter 7.0	Contingency Plan	
18	Chapter 8.0	Personnel Training	
19	Chapter 11.0	Closure and Post Closure Requirements	
20	Chapter 13.0	Other Federal and State Laws	
21	Appendix 4A	Design Report (as applicable to critical systems)	
22	Appendix 4B	Construction Quality Assurance Plan	
23	Appendix 4C	Response Action Plan	
24	Appendix 4D	Technical specifications document (RPP-18-489 Rev 0)	
25	Appendix 7A	Building Emergency Plan (As applicable in Chapter 7)	
26	Appendix 8A	Training Plan	
27 28 29		candard Hanford Facility RCRA Permit, WA7890008967 (Permit) conditions (Part I and ons) applicable to the IDF are identified in Permit Attachment 3 (Permit Applicability	

1	III.11.B	AMENDMENTS TO THE APPROVED PERMIT APPLICATION			
2 3 4	III.11.B.1	Portions of Permit Attachment 4, Hanford Emergency Management Plan that are not made enforceable by inclusion in the applicability matrix for that document, are not made enforceable by reference in this document.			
5 6 7	III.11.B.2	Permittees must comply with all applicable portions of the Permit. The facility and unit- specific recordkeeping requirements are distinguished in the General Information Portion of the Permit, and are tied to the Permit conditions.			
8 9 10 11 12	III.11.B.3	The scope of this Permit is restricted to the landfill construction and operation as necessary to dispose of: 1) immobilized low activity waste from the WTP, and 2) the Demonstration Bulk Vitrification System and IDF operational waste as identified in Chapter 4.0. Future expansion of the RCRA trench, or disposal of other wastes not specified in this Permit, is prohibited unless authorized via modification of this Permit.			
13 14 15	III.11.B.4	In accordance with WAC 173-303-806(11)(d), this Permit shall be reviewed every five (5) years after the effective date and modified, as necessary, in accordance with WAC 173-303-830(3).			
16 17	III.11.C	DESIGN REQUIREMENTS			
18 19 20	III.11.C.1	IDF is designed in accordance with WAC 173-303-665 and WAC 173-303-640 as described in Chapter 4.0. Design changes impacting IDF critical systems shall be performed in accordance with Conditions III.11.D.1.d.i and III.11.D.1.d.ii.			
21 22 23 24 25		IDF Critical Systems ¹ include the following: The leachate collection and removal system (LCRS), leachate collection tank (LCT), leak detection system (LDS), liner system (LS), and closure cap. H-2 Drawings for the LCRS, LCT, LDS, and LS are identified in Appendix 4A, Section 3 of this Permit. Drawings for the closure cap will be provided pursuant to Condition III.11.C.1.b.			
26 27 28 29	III.11.C.1.a	The Permittees shall construct and operate the IDF in accordance with all specifications contained in RPP-18489 Rev 0. Critical systems, as defined in the definitions section of the Site-Wide RCRA Permit, are identified in Appendix 4A, Section 1 of this Permit.			
30	III.11.C.1.b	Landfill Cap			
31 32 33 34 35 36 37		At final closure of the landfill, the Permittees shall cover the landfill with a final cover (closure cap) designed and constructed [WAC 173-303-665(6), WAC 173-303-806(4)(h)] to: Provide long-term minimization of migration of liquids through the closed landfill; Function with minimum maintenance; Promote drainage and minimize erosion or abrasion of the cover; Accommodate settling and subsidence so that the cover's integrity is maintained; and have a permeability less than or equal to the permeability of any bottom liner system or natural sub soils present.			
38	III.11.C.1.c	Compliance Schedule			
39 40 41 42 43 44 45		Proposed conceptualized final cover design is presented in Chapter 11 (Closure and Financial Assurance). Six months prior to start of construction of IDF landfill final cover (but no later than 6 months prior to acceptance of the last shipment of waste at the IDF), the Permittees shall submit IDF landfill final cover design, specifications and CQA plan to Ecology for review and approval. No construction of the final cover may proceed until Ecology approval of the final design is given, through a permit modification.			

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1 2	III.11.C.1.d	The Permittees shall notify Ecology at least sixty (60) calendar days prior to the date it expects to begin closure of the IDF landfill in accordance with WAC 173-303-610(c).
3	III.11.C.2	Design Reports
4	III.11.C.2.a	New Tank Design Assessment Report
5 6 7 8		Permittees shall generate a written report in accordance with WAC 173-303-640(3)(a), providing the results of the leachate collection tank system design assessment. The report shall be reviewed and certified by an Independent Qualified Registered Professional Engineer (IQRPE) ² in accordance with WAC-173-303-810(13)(a).
9 10 11 12 13 14 15		[2] "Independent qualified registered professional engineer," as used here and elsewhere with respect to Operating Unit 11, means a person who is licensed by the state of Washington, or a state which has reciprocity with the state of Washington as defined in RCW 18.43.100, and who is not an employee of the owner or operator of the facility for which construction or modification certification is required. A qualified professional engineer is an engineer with expertise in the specific area for which a certification is given.
16	III.11.C.2.b	Compliance Schedule
17 18 19		Permittees shall submit the leachate collection tank design assessment report to Ecology along with the IQRPE certification, prior to construction of any part of the tank system including ancillary equipment.
20	III.11.D	CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS
21	III.11.D.1	Construction Quality Assurance
22 23 24 25	III.11.D.1.a	Ecology shall provide field oversight during construction of critical systems. In cases where an Engineering Change Notices (ECN) and/or Non Conformance Report (NCR) is required, Ecology and the Permittees shall follow steps for processing changes to the approved design per Conditions III.11.D.1.d.i and III.11.D.1.d.ii.
26 27	III.11.D.1.b	Permittees shall implement the Construction Quality Assurance Plan (CQA plan) (Appendix 4B of the permit) during construction of IDF.
28 29 30 31 32 33	III.11.D.1.b.i	The Permittees will not receive waste in the IDF until the owner or operator has submitted to Ecology by certified mail or hand delivery a certification signed by the CQA officer that the approved CQA plan has been successfully carried out and that the unit meets the requirements of WAC173-303-665 (2)(h) or (j); and the procedure in WAC 173-303-810 (14)(a) has been completed. Documentation supporting the CQA officer's certification shall be furnished to Ecology upon request.
34	III.11.D.1.c	Construction inspection reports
35 36 37 38 39 40 41	III.11.D.1.c.i	Permittees shall submit a report documenting the results of the leachate tank installation inspection. This report must be prepared by an independent, qualified installation inspector or a professional independent, qualified, registered, professional engineer either of whom is trained and experienced in the proper installation of tank systems or components. The Permittees will remedy all discrepancies before the tank system is placed in use. This report shall be submitted to Ecology 90 days prior to IDF operation and be included in the IDF Operating Record. [WAC-173-303-640(3)(h)].
42	III.11.D.1.d	ECN/NCR Process for Critical Systems
43 44 45		Portions of the following conditions for processing engineering change notices and non-conformance reporting were extracted from and supersede Site Wide General Permit Condition II.L.

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1	III.11.D.1.d.i	Engineering Change Notice for Critical Systems		
2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10		During construction of the IDF, the Permittees shall formally document changes to the approved designs, plans, and specifications, identified in Appendices 4A, 4B, 4C, and 4D of this permit, with an Engineering Change Notice (ECN). The Permittees shall maintain all ECNs in the IDF unit-specific Operating Record and shall make them available to Ecology upon request or during the course of an inspection. The Permittees shall provide to Ecology copies of proposed ECNs affecting any critical system within five (5) working days of initiating the ECN. Identification of critical systems is included in Condition III.11.C.1 and Appendix 4A of this permit. Within five (5) working days, Ecology will review a proposed ECN modifying a critical system and inform the Permittees whether the proposed ECN, when issued, will require a Class 1, 2, or 3 Permit modification.		
12	III.11.D.1.d.ii	Non-conformance Reporting for Critical Syst	tems	
13 14 15 16 17 18	III.11.D.1.d.ii.a	During construction of the IDF, the Permittee Nonconformance Report (NCR), any work constandards of the approved design, plans and standards of the approved design, plans and standards and 4D of this permit. The Permittee specific Operating Record and shall make the during the course of an inspection	ompleted which does not meet or exceed the apecifications, identified in Appendices 4A, es shall maintain all NCRs in the IDF unit-	
19 20 21 22 23 24 25	III.11.D.1.d.ii.b	The Permittees shall provide copies of NCRs Ecology within five (5) working days after id Identification of critical systems is included it this permit. Ecology will review a NCR affer Permittees within five (5) working days, in we required for any nonconformance, and wheth before work proceeds, which affects the nonconformance.	lentification of the nonconformance n Condition III.11.C.1 and Appendix 4A of ecting a critical system and notify the criting, whether a Permit modification is er prior approval is required from Ecology	
26	III.11.D.1.d.iii	As-Built Drawings		
27 28 29 30 31		Upon completing construction of IDF, the Pethe project, which incorporate the design and all project ECNs and NCRs, as well as modif 830. The Permittees shall place the drawings (12) months of completing construction.	construction modifications resulting from ications made pursuant to WAC 173-303-	
32				
33 34	III.11.D.2	The Permittees shall not reduce the minimum than one test per 500 feet of seam, without	<u> </u>	
35	III.11.E	GROUND WATER AND GROUND WAT	ER MONITORING	
36 37 38 39		Ground water shall be monitored in accordant contained in the Ecology-approved facility gradl wells used to monitor the ground water be accordance with the provisions of WAC-173-	round water monitoring plan (Chapter 5.0). eneath the unit shall be constructed in	
40	III.11.E.1	Ground Water Monitoring Program		
41 42 43 44 45 46	III.11.E.1.a	Prior to initial waste placement in the IDF lar water monitoring wells in the IDF network to baseline conditions. For the first sampling ev well will include all constituents in 40 CFR 2 include only those constituents as specified in and unfiltered the first year to compare result	vice quarterly for one first year to determine vent (and only the first), samples for each 264 Appendix IX. Thereafter, sampling will a Chapter 5.0, Table 5-2: chromium (filtered	

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1 2 3 4		pH. Other constituents to be monitored but not statistically compared include alkalinity, anions, ICP metals, and turbidity. These will provide important information on hydrogeologic characteristics of the aquifer and may provide indications of encroaching contaminants from other facilities not associated with IDF.	
5 6 7 8 9 10	III.11.E.1.b	After the baseline monitoring is completed, and data is analyzed, the Permittees and Ecology shall assess revisions to Chapter 5.0, Table 5-2. Subsequent samples will be collected semi-annually and will include constituents listed in Table 5-2 as approved by Ecology. All data analysis will employ Ecology approved statistical methods pursuant to WAC 173-303-645. Changes to chapter 5.0 will be subject to the permit modifications procedures under WAC 173-303-830.	
11 12 13 14	III.11.E.1.c	All constituents used as tracers to assess performance of the facility through computer modeling should be sampled at least annually to validate modeling results. Groundwater monitoring data and analytes to be monitored will be reviewed periodically as defined in chapter 5.0 of this permit	
15 16 17	III.11.E.1.d	Upon Ecology approval of the leachate monitoring plan, leachate monitoring and groundwater monitoring activities should be coordinated as approved by Ecology to form an effective and efficient means of monitoring the performance of the IDF facility.	
18 19	III.11.E.1.e	Ground water monitoring data shall be reported to Ecology on an annual basis beginning on March 1 after the issue date of this permit and annually on March 1after that.	
20	III.11.F	LEACHATE COLLECTION COMPONENT MANAGEMENT	
21 22		Permittees shall design, construct, and operate all leachate collection systems to minimize clogging during the active life and post closure period	
23	III.11.F.1	Leachate Collection and Removal System (LCRS)	
24 25 26 27 28	III.11.F.1.a	At least 120 days prior to initial waste placement in the IDF, the Permittees shall submit a Leachate monitoring plan to Ecology for review, approval, and incorporation into the permit. Upon approval by Ecology, this plan will be incorporated into the Permit as a class 1' modification. The Permittees shall not accept waste into the IDF until the requirements of the leachate monitoring plan have been incorporated into this permit.	
29 30 31 32	III.11.F.1.b	Leachate in the LCRS (primary sump) shall be sampled and analyzed monthly for the first year of operation of the facility and quarterly thereafter (pursuant to WAC 173-303-200). Additionally, leachate shall be sampled and analyzed to meet waste acceptance criteria at the receiving treatment storage and disposal facility.	
33 34 35 36 37 38	III.11.F.1.c	Permittees shall manage the leachate in the LCRS system in a manner that does not allow the fluid head to exceed 30.5 cm above the flat 50-foot by 50-foot LCRS sump HDPE bottom liner except for rare storm events as discussed in Chapter 4.0, Section 4.3.6.1 and the LCRS sump trough [(WAC 173-303-665(2)(h)(ii)(B). Liquid with a depth greater than 30.5 cm above the SLDS liner will be removed at the earliest practicable time after detection (not to exceed 5 working days).	
39 40 41	III.11.F.1.d	After initial waste placement, Permittees shall manage all leachate from the permitted cell as dangerous waste (designated with Dangerous Waste Number F039) in accordance with WAC 173- 303.	
42	III.11.F.2	Monitoring and Management of Leak Detection System (LDS/ secondary sump).	
43 44	III.11.F.2.a	Permittees shall manage the leachate in the LDS system in a manner that does not allow the fluid head to exceed 30.5 cm above the LDS liner (WAC 173-303-665(2)(h)(ii)(B).	
45 46	III.11.F.2.b	Permittees shall monitor and record leachate removal for comparison to the Action Leakage Rate (ALR) as described in Appendix 4C, Response Action Plan. If the leachate	

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1 2		flow rate in the LDS exceeds the ALR, the Permittees shall implement the Ecology approved response action plan (Appendix 4C).		
3 4	III.11.F.2.c	Leachate from the LDS (secondary sump) sha quantity of leachate is available for sampling.		
5 6 7 8 9	III.11.F.2.d	Accumulated liquid of pumpable quantities in does not allow the fluid head to exceed 30.5 ([WAC 173-303-665(2)(h)(i)(C)(iii)]. Liquid LDS liner will be removed at the earliest pract 5 working days).	cm above the LDS liner with a depth greater than 30.5 cm above the	
10 11	III.11.F.2.e	Permittees shall manage all leachate from the accordance with WAC 173- 303.	permitted cell as F039 dangerous waste in	
12	III.11.F.3	Monitoring and Management of the Secondar	ry Leak Detection System (SLDS)	
13 14 15 16 17 18	III.11.F.3.a	The Permittees shall submit to Ecology for appropriations plan (SLMOP) for the SLDS to impressure transducer configuration, liquid colleanalysis and response actions. The SLMOP splacement of waste in the IDF, and incorporate modification.	clude the following: monitoring frequency, ection and storage processes, sampling and shall be approved by Ecology prior to	
19 20	III.11.F.3.b	Permittees shall monitor and manage the SLI sub-surface liquids monitoring and operations		
21 22 23 24 25	III.11.F.3.c	Accumulated liquid of pumpable quantities in that does not allow the fluid head to exceed 3 [WAC 173-303-665(2)(h)(i)(C)(iii)]. Liquid SLDS liner will be removed at the earliest proposed 5 working days).	0.5 cm above the SLDS liner with a depth greater than 30.5 cm above the	
26 27	III.11.F.3.d	Permittees shall manage all leachate from the accordance with WAC 173- 303.	permitted cell as dangerous waste in	
28	III.11.G	CONSTRUCTION WATER MANAGEME	<u>ENT</u>	
29 30 31	III.11.G.1	During construction, it is anticipated that liquid sumps. Permittees shall manage the construction Waste Discharge Permit ST 4511.	•	
32 33	III.11.G.2	Liquid accumulation within the LCRS, LDS, will be considered construction wastewater (i	*	
34 35	III.11.H	LANDFILL LINER INTEGRITY MANAGOPERATIONS	GEMENT AND LANDFILL	
36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43	III.11.H.1	Permittees shall design, construct, and operat- liners from becoming damaged. Temperature temperatures shall be evaluated and managed liner below the design basis temperature for t material and closure cover shall be placed in load bearing capacity of the liner (weight per- fect of clean backfill material shall be placed collection and removal system to protect the state.	e: Waste packages with elevated in a manner to maintain the primary (upper) he liner (e.g.,160F). Weight: Waste, fill a manner that does not exceed the allowable area 13,000 lb/ft2). Puncture: At least 3 as an operations layer over the leachate	
44 45 46	III.11.H.1.a	All equipment used for construction and oper weight limitation as specified in condition III adequately supported by the operations layer	.H.1. Only equipment that can be	

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1 2 3 4 5 6 7		not have the potential to puncture the liner) shall be used inside of the IDF. All equipment used for construction and operations outside of the IDF shall not damage the berms. Changes to any equipment will follow the process established by condition II.R of the site wide permit. Within 120 days from the effective date is the permit a process for demonstrating compliance with this condition shall be submitted for review by Ecology. This process will be incorporated into appropriate IDF operating procedures prior to IDF operations.
8 9 10 11 12 13	III.11.H.2	The Permittees shall construct berms and ditches to prevent run-on and run-off in accordance with the requirements of Section 4.3.8 of this permit. Before the first placement of waste in the IDF, the Permittees shall submit to Ecology a final grading and topographical map on a scale sufficient to identify berms and ditches used to control run-on and run-off. Upon approval, Ecology will incorporate these maps into the permit as a class 1' modification.
14 15 16	III.11.H.3	The Permittees shall operate the RCRA IDF Cell (Cell1) in accordance with WAC 173-303-665(2) and the operating practices described in Chapters 3, 4, 6, 7, 8 and Appendix 4A, Section 1, subsection 7, except as otherwise specified in this Permit.
17 18 19	III.11.H.4	The Permittees shall maintain a permanent and accurate record of the three-dimensional location of each waste type, based on grid coordinates, within the RCRA IDF Cell (Cell1) in accordance with WAC 173-303-665(5).
20 21	III.11.H.5	The Permittees shall inspect the landfill in accordance with WAC 173-303-665(4)(b) and Chapter 6 of this permit, except as otherwise specified in this Permit.
22 23	III.11.I	WASTE ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA
24 25 26 27 28 29		The only acceptable waste form approved for disposal at the RCRA cell of IDF are IDF operational waste, Immobilized Low Activity Waste (ILAW) in glass form from the Waste Treatment Plant (WTP) Low Activity Waste (LAW) Vitrification facility and ILAW from the Bulk Vitrification Research Demonstration and Development facility (up to 50 boxes). Specifics about waste acceptance criteria for each of these wastes are detailed below.
30 31 32 33 34 35		No other waste forms may be disposed at the RCRA cell of IDF unless authorized via a Permit modification request. Requests for Permit modifications must be accompanied by an analysis adequate for Ecology to comply with SEPA, as well as by a risk assessment and groundwater modeling to show the environmental impact. Permit Condition III.11.I.6 outlines the process by which waste sources in the IDF are modeled in an ongoing risk budget and a ground water impact analysis.
36 37 38 39 40 41	III.11.I.1	Six months prior to IDF operations Permittees shall submit to Ecology for review, approval, and incorporation into the permit, all waste acceptance criteria (WAC) to address, at a minimum, the following: physical/chemical criteria, liquids and liquid containing waste, land disposal restriction treatment standards and prohibitions, compatibility of waste with liner, gas generation, packaging, handling of packages, minimization of subsidence.
42 43	III.11.I.1.a	All containers/packages shall meet void space requirements pursuant to WAC 173-303-665(12).
44	III.11.I.1.b	Compliance Schedule
45 46 47	III.11.I.1.b.i	Six months prior to IDF operations, the Permittees shall submit to Ecology for review, approval, and incorporation into the permit any necessary modifications to the IDF WAP (Appendix 3A of the permit application, DOE/RL-2003-12, Rev 1).

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1	III.11.I.2	ILAW Waste Acceptance Criteria
2 3 4 5		The only ILAW forms acceptable for disposal at IDF are: (1) approved glass canisters that are produced in accordance with the terms, conditions, and requirements of the WTP portion of the Permit, and (2) the 50 bulk vitrification test boxes as specified in the DBVS test plans.
6 7 8 9 10 11		To assure protection of human health and the environment, it is necessary that the appropriate quality of glass be disposed at IDF. The LDR Treatment Standard for eight metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, mercury, selenium and silver), when associated with High Level Waste is HLVIT (40 CFR 268). Because these metals are constituents in the Hanford Tanks Waste, the LDR standard for ILAW disposed to IDF is HLVIT.
12 13 14		For any ILAW glass form(s) that DOE intends to dispose of in IDF, DOE will provide to Ecology for review, an ILAW Waste Form Technical Requirements Document (IWTRD). The IWTRD will contain:
15	III.11.I.2.a	WTP ILAW Waste Acceptance Criteria
16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	III.11.I.2.a.i	A description of each specific glass formulation that DOE intends to use including a basis for why each specific formulation is proposed for use, which specific tank wastes the glass formulation is proposed for use with, the characteristics of the glass that are key to satisfactory performance (e.g., VHT, PCT, and TCLP and/or other approved performance testing methodologies that the parties agree are appropriate and necessary), the range in key characteristics anticipated if the specific glass formulation is produced on a production basis with tank waste, and the factors that DOE must protect against in producing the glass to ensure the intended glass characteristics will exist in the actual ILAW.
25 26 27 28 29 30	III.11.I.2.a.ii	A performance assessment that provides a reasonable basis for assurance that each glass formulation will, once disposed of in IDF in combination with the other waste volumes and waste forms planned for disposal at the entire Integrated Disposal Facility, be adequately protective of human health and the environment; and will not violate or be projected to violate all applicable state and federal laws, regulations and environmental standards.
31 32		Within 30 days of a request by Ecology, the Permittees shall provide a separate model run using Ecology's assumptions and model input.
33 34 35 36	III.11.I.2.a.iii	A description of production processes including management controls and quality assurance/quality control requirements that assure that glass produced for each formulation will perform in a reasonably similar manner to the waste form assumed in the performance assessment for that formulation.
37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44	III.11.I.2.a.iv	The Permittees shall update the IWTRD consistent with the above requirements for review by Ecology consistent with their respective roles and authority as provided under the TPA. Ecology comments shall be dispositioned through the Review Comment Record (RCR) process and will be reflected in further modeling to modify the IDF ILAW waste acceptance as appropriate. The initial IWTRD shall be submitted no later than January 2007, or if later than this date, as agreed to by Ecology. At a minimum, the Permittees shall submit updates to the IWTRD to Ecology every five years or more frequently if either of the following conditions exist:
45 46 47 48		 The Permittees submits a permit modification request allowing additional waste forms to be disposed of at IDF, The WTP of other vitrification facility change their glass formulations from those previously included in the ITRWD. Part III.11.8

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1 2	III.11.I.2.a.v	The Permittees shall not dispose of any WTP ILAW not described and evaluated in the IWTRD.		
3	III.11.I.3	ILAW Waste Acceptance Criteria Verification		
4 5 6 7 8 9	III.11.I.3.a	Six months prior to disposing of ILAW in the IDF, the Permittees will submit an ILAW verification plan to Ecology for review and approval. This plan will be coordinated with WTP, Ecology, and the Permittees personnel. This plan will outline the specifics of verifying ILAW waste acceptance through WTP operating parameters, and/or glass sampling. The Plan will include physical sampling requirements for batches, glass formulations, and/or feed envelopes.		
10 11	III.11.I.4	Demonstration Bulk Vitrification System (DBVS) Bulk Vitrification Waste Acceptance Criteria		
12 13 14	III.11.I.4.a	Bulk Vitrification waste forms that are acceptable to be disposed of at IDF are up to 50 boxes of vitrified glass produced pursuant to the DBVS RD&D Permit from processing Hanford Tank S-109 tank waste.		
15 16 17 18 19	III.11.I.4.b	If Bulk Vitrification is selected as a technology to supplement the Waste Treatment Plant, the IDF portion of the Permit will need to be modified to accept Bulk Vitrification Full Scale production waste forms. This modification will need to be accompanied by appropriate TPA changes (per M-062 requirements) and adequate risk assessment information sufficient for the Department of Ecology to meet its SEPA obligations.		
20 21 22 23 24	III.11.I.4.c	DBVS Waste Acceptance Verification will occur on 100% of the waste packages. Pursuant to the DBVS RD&D Permit, a detailed campaign test report will be produced and submitted to Ecology detailing results of all testing performed on each waste package that is produced. IDF personnel shall review these reports to verify that the waste packages meet IDF Waste Acceptance Criteria.		
25 26 27	III.11.I.4.d	The Permittees shall not dispose of any waste forms that do not comply with all appropriate and applicable treatment standards, including all applicable Land Disposal Restrictions (LDR).		
28	III.11.I.5	Modeling – Risk Budget Tool		
29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46	III.11.I.5.a	The Permittees must create and maintain a modeling - risk budget tool, which models the future impacts of the planned IDF waste forms (including input from analysis performed as specified in conditions III.11.I.2.a through III.11.I.2.a.ii above) and their impact to underlying vadose and ground water. This model will be updated at least every 5 years beginning no more than one year after the issuance date of this permit and provided to Ecology for review. The model will be updated more frequently if needed, to support permit modifications or SEPA Threshold Determinations whenever a new waste stream or significant expansion is being proposed for the IDF. This modeling-risk budget tool shall be conducted in manner that is consistent with state and federal requirements, and represents a cumulative risk analysis of all waste previously disposed of in the entire IDF (both cell 1 and cell 2) and those wastes expected to be disposed of in the future for the entire IDF. The groundwater impact should be modeled in a concentration basis and should be compared against various performance standards including but not limited to drinking water standards (40 CFR 141 and 40 CFR 143). Ecology will review modeling assumptions, input parameters, and results and will provide comments to the Permittees. Ecology comments shall be dispositioned through the Review Comment Record (RCR) process and will be reflected in further modeling to modify the IDF ILAW waste acceptance as appropriate.		
47 48	III.11.I.5.a.i	The modeling-risk budget tool will include a sensitivity analysis reflecting parameters and changes to parameters as requested by Ecology.		

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1 2 3 4	III.11.I.5.a.ii	If these modeling efforts indicate results within 75% of a performance standard [including but not limited to federal drinking water standards (40 CFR 141 and 40 CFR 143)], Ecology and the Permittees will meet to discuss mitigation measures or modified waste acceptance criteria for specific waste forms.			
5 6 7 8 9	III.11.I.5.a.iii	When considering all the waste forms to be disposed of in IDF, the Permittees shall not dispose of any waste that will result (through forward looking modeling or in real groundwater concentrations data) in an violation of any state or federal regulatory limit, specifically including but not limited to drinking water standards for any constituent as defined in 40 CFR 141 and 40 CFR 143.			
10 11	III.11.I.6	The Permittees shall not dispose of any waste that is not in compliance with state and federal requirements as identified in Chapter 13.0.			
12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	III.11.I.6.a	In accordance with DOE's authority under the Atomic Energy Act of 1954, as amended and other applicable law, prior to disposing of any mixed immobilized low-activity wast (ILAW) in the IDF, DOE will certify to the State of Washington that it has determined that such ILAW is not high-level waste and meets the criteria and requirements outlined in DOE's consultation with the U.S. Nuclear Regulatory Commission beginning in 1993 (Letter from R.M Bernero, USNRC to J. Lytle, USDOE, dated March 2, 1993; Letter from J Kinzer, USDOE, to C. J, Paperiello, USNRC, Classification of Hanford Low-Activity Tank Waste Fraction, dated March 7, 1996; and Letter from C.J. Paperiello, USNRC, to J. Kinzer, USDOE, Classification of Hanford Low-Activity Tank Waste Fraction, dated June 9, 1997). While the requirement to provide such certification is an enforceable obligation of this permit, the provision of such certification does not convey or purport to convey, authority to Ecology to regulate the radioactive hazards of the waste under this permit.	te l 3		
25	III.11.I.7	IDF Operational Waste Acceptance Criteria			
26 27 28 29		IDF operational activities (including decontamination, cleanup, and maintenance) will generate a small amount of waste. Waste that can meet IDF waste acceptance without treatment will be disposed of at the IDF. All other IDF operational waste will be managed pursuant to WAC 173-303-200.			
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